

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2017 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2176

BY DELEGATES RODIGHIERO AND HICKS

[Introduced February 8, 2017; Referred
to the Committee on Banking and Insurance then
Finance.]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §33-6B-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to
 2 amend and reenact §33-20-3 and §33-20-5 of said code, all relating to prohibiting the
 3 number of inquiries reflected in a credit report, credit score report or CLUE report from
 4 adversely affecting an application for insurance; to limiting the use of a credit score to
 5 banking institution credit scoring for casualty insurance rate filings; and prohibiting reliance
 6 on information which is false or potentially false; limiting the use of a credit score in
 7 casualty insurance rate filings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

1 That §33-6B-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and
 2 reenacted; and that §33-20-3 and §33-20-5 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read
 3 as follows:

ARTICLE 6B. DECLINATION OF AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY INSURANCE.

§33-6B-3. Declinations; prohibited reasons.

1 The declination of an application for a private passenger policy of automobile liability
 2 insurance by an insurer, agent or broker is prohibited if the declination is:

3 (a) Based upon the race, religion, nationality or ethnic group, of the applicant or named
 4 insured;

5 (b) Based solely upon the lawful occupation or profession of the applicant or named
 6 insured, unless the decision is for a business purpose that is not a mere pretext for unfair
 7 discrimination: *Provided*, That this provision does not apply to any insurer, agent or broker that
 8 limits its market to one lawful occupation or profession or to several related lawful occupations or
 9 professions;

10 (c) Based upon the principal location of the insured motor vehicle unless the decision is
 11 for a business purpose which is not a mere pretext for unfair discrimination;

12 (d) Based solely upon the age, sex or marital status of an applicant or an insured, except
13 that this subsection does not prohibit rating differentials based on age, sex or marital status;

14 (e) Based upon the fact that the applicant has previously obtained insurance coverage
15 with a substandard insurance carrier;

16 (f) Based upon the fact that the applicant has not previously been insured;

17 (g) Based upon the fact that the applicant did not have insurance coverage for a period of
18 time prior to the application;

19 (h) Based upon the fact that the applicant or named insured previously obtained insurance
20 coverage through a residual market insurance mechanism;

21 (i) Based upon the fact that another insurer previously declined to insure the applicant or
22 terminated an existing policy in which the applicant was the named insured;

23 (j) Based solely upon an adverse credit report or adverse credit scoring;

24 (k) Based, in any part, upon the number of inquiries reflected in a credit report, credit score
25 report or CLUE report or upon any information contained in any of these reports, the accuracy of
26 which is disputed by the applicant.

27 (l) Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit an insurer, agent or broker from
28 using legitimate, documented, underwriting data in making their own independent risk
29 assessment of an applicant for insurance.

ARTICLE 20. RATES AND RATING ORGANIZATIONS.

§33-20-3. Ratemaking.

1 All rates ~~shall be~~ are made in accordance with the following provisions:

2 (a) Due consideration ~~shall be~~ is given to past and prospective loss experience within and
3 outside this state, to catastrophe hazards, if any, to a reasonable margin for underwriting profit
4 and contingencies, to dividends, savings or unabsorbed premium deposits allowed or returned by
5 insurers to their policyholders, members or subscribers, to past and prospective expenses both

6 countrywide and those specially applicable to this state and to all other relevant factors within and
7 outside this state.

8 (b) Rates may not be excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory.

9 (c) Rates for casualty and surety insurance to which this article applies shall also be
10 subject to the following provisions:

11 (1) The systems of expense provisions included in the rates for use by any insurer or group
12 of insurers may differ from those of other insurers or groups of insurers to reflect the requirements
13 of the operating methods of any such insurer or group with respect to any kind of insurance or
14 with respect to any subdivision or combination thereof for which subdivision or combination
15 separate expense provisions are applicable.

16 (2) Risks ~~shall be~~ are grouped by classifications and by territorial areas for the
17 establishment of rates and minimum premiums. Classification of rates ~~shall be~~ are modified to
18 produce rates for individual risks in a territorial area in accordance with rating plans which
19 establish standards for measuring variations in hazards or expense provisions, or both. Such
20 standards may measure any differences among risks that can be demonstrated to have a
21 probable effect upon losses or expenses: *Provided*, That such standards shall include the
22 establishment of at least seven territorial rate areas within the state: *Provided, however*, That
23 such territorial rate established by any insurer or group of insurers may differ from those of other
24 insurers or group of insurers.

25 (3) Due consideration ~~shall be~~ is given to such factors as expense, management,
26 individual experience, underwriting judgment, degree or nature of hazard or any other reasonable
27 considerations, provided such factors apply to all risks under the same or substantially the same
28 circumstances or conditions.

29 (4) In the case of any homeowners or automobile liability policy, credit scoring may not be
30 considered as a factor to calculate rates.

31 (d) Rates for fire and marine insurance to which this article applies shall also be subject
32 to the following provisions:

33 (1) Manual, minimum, class rates, rating schedules or rating plans shall be made and
34 adopted, except in the case of specific inland marine rates on risks specially rated.

35 (2) Due consideration ~~shall be~~ is given to the conflagration hazard and in the case of fire
36 insurance rates, consideration ~~shall be~~ is given to the experience of the fire insurance business
37 during a period of not less than the most recent five-year period for which such experience is
38 available.

39 (e) Rates for title insurance to which this article applies shall also be subject to the
40 following provisions:

41 (1) Title insurance rates shall be reasonable and adequate for the class of risks to which
42 they apply. Rates may not be unfairly discriminatory between risks involving essentially the same
43 hazards and expense elements. The rates may be fixed in an amount sufficient to furnish a
44 reasonable margin for profit after provisions to account for: (i) Probable losses as indicated by
45 experience within and without this state; (ii) exposure to loss under policies; (iii) allocations to
46 reserves; (iv) costs participating insurance; (v) operating costs; and (vi) other items of expense
47 fairly attributable to the operation of a title insurance business.

48 (2) (A) Policies may be grouped into classes for the establishment of rates. A title
49 insurance policy that is unusually hazardous to the title insurance company because of an alleged
50 defect or irregularity in the title insured or because of uncertainty regarding the proper
51 interpretation or application of the law involved may be classified separately according to the facts
52 of each case.

53 (B) Title insurance companies shall file separate rate schedules for commercial and
54 noncommercial risks. The Insurance Commissioner shall promulgate rules regarding the
55 requirements of this subsection which shall give due consideration to the nature of commercial
56 transactions and the need for greater protections for consumers in noncommercial transactions.

57 (3) Title insurance rates may not include charges for abstracting, record searching,
58 certificates regarding the record title, escrow services, closing services and other related services
59 that may be offered or furnished or the cost and expenses of examinations of titles.

60 (f) Except to the extent necessary to meet the provisions of subdivisions (b) and (c) of this
61 section, uniformity among insurers in any matters within the scope of this section is neither
62 required nor prohibited.

63 (g) Rates made in accordance with this section may be used subject to the provisions of
64 this article.

§33-20-5. Disapproval of filings.

1 (a) If within the waiting period or any extension ~~thereof~~ of it as provided in subsection (e)
2 of section four of this article, the commissioner finds that a filing does not meet the requirements
3 of this article, he or she shall send to the insurer or rating organization which made ~~such~~ the filing,
4 written notice of disapproval of ~~such~~ the filing specifying therein in what respects he or she finds
5 ~~such~~ the filing fails to meet the requirements of this article and stating that ~~such~~ the filing shall not
6 become effective.

7 (b) If within thirty days after a special surety filing subject to subsection (f) of section four
8 of this article or if within thirty days after a specific inland marine rate on a risk specially rated by
9 a rating organization subject to subsection (g) of section four of this article has become effective,
10 the commissioner finds that ~~such~~ the filing does not meet the requirements of this article, he or
11 she shall send to the rating organization which made ~~such~~ the filing written notice of disapproval
12 of ~~such~~ the filing specifying therein in what respects he or she finds that ~~such~~ the filing fails to
13 meet the requirements of this article and stating when, within a reasonable period thereafter, ~~such~~
14 the filing ~~shall be deemed~~ is no longer effective. ~~Said~~ The disapproval shall not affect any contract
15 made or issued prior to the expiration of the period set forth in ~~said~~ the notice.

16 (c) If at any time subsequent to the applicable review period provided ~~for~~ in subsection (a)
17 or (b) of this section, the commissioner finds that a filing does not meet the requirements of this

18 article, he or she shall, after notice and hearing to every insurer and rating organization which
19 made ~~such~~ the filing, issue an order specifying in what respects he or she finds that ~~such~~ the filing
20 fails to meet the requirements of this article, and stating when, within a reasonable period
21 thereafter, ~~such~~ the filing shall ~~be deemed~~ is no longer effective. Copies of ~~said~~ the order shall
22 ~~be~~ are sent to every ~~such~~ insurer and rating organization which made the filing. ~~Said~~ The order
23 shall not affect any contract or policy made or issued prior to the expiration of the period set forth
24 in ~~said~~ the order.

25 (d) Any person or organization aggrieved with respect to any filing which is in effect may
26 demand a hearing thereon. If, after ~~such~~ hearing, the commissioner finds that the filing does not
27 meet the requirements of this article, he or she shall issue an order specifying in what respects
28 he or she finds that ~~such~~ the filing fails to meet the requirements of this article, and stating when,
29 within a reasonable period thereafter, ~~such~~ the filing shall be deemed no longer effective. ~~Said~~
30 The order shall not affect any contract or policy made or issued prior to the expiration of the period
31 set forth in ~~said~~ the order.

32 (e) Any insurer or rating organization, in respect to any filing made by it which is not
33 approved by the commissioner, may demand a hearing thereon.

34 (f) No manual of classifications, rules, rating plans, or any modification of any of the
35 foregoing which establishes standards for measuring variations in hazards or expense provisions,
36 or both, in the case of casualty insurance to which this article applies and no manual, minimum,
37 class rate, rating schedule, rating plan, rating rule or any modification of any of the foregoing, in
38 the case of fire insurance to which this article applies, and which has been filed pursuant to the
39 requirements of section four of this article, ~~shall be~~ is disapproved if the rates thereby produced
40 meet the requirements of this article. ~~Provided, That none of the foregoing consider as a factor a~~
41 ~~credit score~~ If a credit score is used as a factor in establishing a rating, only credit scores from a
42 banking institution as defined in section two, article one, chapter thirty-one-a of the code may be
43 used.

44 (g) If, in the opinion of the commissioner, the rate or form filing made by an insurer is of
45 such import that it will affect the public he or she may, at his or her discretion, issue notice to ~~such~~
46 the insurer of a public hearing. The notice of public hearing to the insurer making ~~such~~ the form
47 or rate filing ~~shall be~~ is made by United States mail at least fifteen days prior to hearing date.
48 Notice to the public shall be given by appropriate publication in a newspaper in the form and
49 manner prescribed by chapter twenty- nine-a of this code. The holding of a public hearing as
50 outlined in this subsection shall have the effect of eliminating the right of the party making ~~such~~
51 the filing to demand a hearing as stated in subsections (d) and (e) of this section.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to limit the use of a credit score to banking institution credit scoring for casualty insurance rate filings; to prohibit the use of credit scoring as a consideration in calculating insurance rates in homeowners or automobile liability policies; and to prohibit the number of inquiries reflected in a credit report, credit score report or CLUE report from adversely affecting an application for insurance; and, prohibiting reliance on information which is false or potentially false.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.